

SEPT. 24 SatuRday

 THISBROCHUREISYOUR2016TICKET

Vancouver parking lot property at 1pm.
Vancouver will leave from the Museum of
Contemporary Culture (5851 West Blvd).
The buses will leave from the Museum of
Contemporary Culture (5851 West Blvd).
Post-tour reception (1905 Ogden Ave)

Tour homes



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1 Chancellor Blvd via Blanca St



Friedman Residence
Built 1953. Frederic Lassere Architect, with Polson & Sidall
Cornelia Hahn Oberlander Landscape Architect

Designed by the first director of the UBC School of Architecture, Frederic Lassere, this home is a striking example of West Coast Modernism. Sited on a steeply sloping, triangular lot, it features landscaping designed by Cornell Oberlander, internationally recognized Landscape Architect and recipient of the inaugural Governor General's Award for Landscape Architecture. Lassere tailored the design of the split-level space to suit the needs of Dr. Sydney Friedman, the first head of the new Department of Anatomy in 1950 and Dr. Constance Friedman, a professor in the same department. Between them they published over 200 papers on salt and hypertension, a focus of her research. They required adequate space to host a class of up to 60 students which led to the open plan of the home. Beautifully preserved and updated by the Friedmans over their lifetimes, the original patterns and colours still brighten the house and landscape.

Typical of the Modern movement, interior and exterior flow seamlessly, with floor to ceiling windows allowing an unobstructed view of the enclosed pool area from the living room. Exposed beams pass through the glazing, drawing the eye from inside to out, embracing the changing seasons and skies. The landscape around the home functions as both an extension of the interior and a natural setting, with plantings and fencing creating a private space despite the close proximity to two roadways on the triangular property.

The home was refreshed in 2013 by the late Dr. Sydney Friedman, adhering to the original design and colours in the house including the drapery. The kitchen was fitted with linoleum similar to the original and new period-appropriate appliances, while red concrete scored to look like tile was covered with real tile. The Friedmans' 1950s furniture is now gone but the main living area has been staged by Article to bring the space to life once more.

This important well-preserved mid-century design now has new owners whose love of West Coast Modernism motivated them to negotiate the purchase before even seeing the house in person. Work is underway to restore the landscaping and prepare the home for a new chapter.

2 Carnarvon St



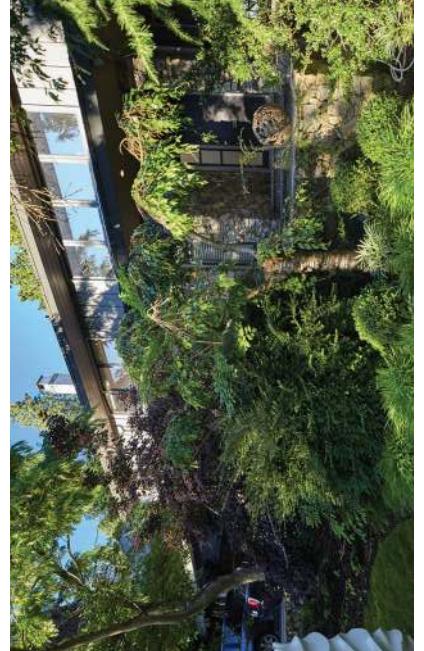
Built 1986
Bing Thom Architect

This more recent home is indicative of the continuing influence of the Mid-Century Modern movement in the 1980s and beyond. It was designed by architect Bing Thom, a graduate of UBC Architecture who worked for Arthur Erickson Architects before establishing his own firm that has designed internationally-renowned projects.

Here Thom employed many elements from the Modernist vocabulary — raw wood, vast glazing, courtyards, skylights, and open plan. A strong connection to the outdoor landscape is evident with the house thoughtfully sited to harvest natural light, create privacy and accentuate the southern exposure of the rear gardens and living spaces. An extensive use of wood, with wide plank siding and an exposed wood structure over the breakfast area, reflect both the owners' ties to the lumber industry and the prominence of this local material in West Coast design.

The house is oriented around a back garden and a courtyard. The street facade presents a solid wall and gives little away of the light-filled living spaces behind. Deep overhangs with wood soffits shelter the exterior walls. The living room, dining room, kitchen, breakfast area and master bedroom form an L-shaped configuration facing the rear yard where beautiful established trees were retained. These include a variety of rhododendrons that bloom in succession, a stunning grafted maple, and established cedars along the southern perimeter. The property was originally the garden of a large estate owned by Fyfe-Smith, a lumber baron. This lot and three to the north of it together were known as the Cliff Estate until it was divided in the 1980s. The 1958 Cliff residence, designed by Thompson Berwick and Pratt, remains, although a Daniel Evan White home on the neighbouring lot was recently demolished.

3 Carnarvon St



Built 1964
Architect Unknown

This home is an example of a developer-built design that catered to the values and concepts of domestic living in the 1960s. The purchasers of the land divided the double lot and engaged a developer to build two identical homes. In exchange, they gifted this lot to the developer and retained the house to the north which has now been greatly remodeled by subsequent owners.

Generous open plan living and dining areas with a glass wall face the large backyard where ten of the neighbourhood's remaining established cedars surround an in-ground pool. Mature landscaping front and back connects through the living spaces and provides privacy. The upper floor features a long ridge skylight, cathedral ceilings and generous windows. The house benefits from abundant light, particularly in the morning and evening, due to the home's front-to-back orientation running east to west. This makes the most of the sun's natural path. The current owner looked at several homes before this one, and immediately knew it was the one for her. The house has evolved to suit modern family life, most notably with a substantial kitchen addition, expanding this as a living space and connecting it further to the outdoors.

The basement is a highly functional space, with abundant storage, a wine room, a decommissioned sauna and spa, the owner's primary art studio, and a guest room. Artworks around the home are by the homeowner and include pieces in concrete, cast bronze, resin, and stone.

4 W 23rd Ave



Bodlak House
Built 1982

John Raymond Griffin, Dalla-Lana/Griffin Architects

Dalla-Lana/Griffin Architects designed this home for Stan and Jean Bodlak, balancing privacy with natural light and employing a harmonizing palette throughout. The current owners purchased the home in 2013 from the original owners, appreciating both the functional and aesthetic qualities.

Ray Griffin and Fred Dalla-Lana both graduated from UBC School of Architecture in 1961. Dalla-Lana in particular gained experience working with Arthur Erickson and Barry Downs, influences that shaped the partnership's residential work.

The house achieves remarkable privacy without compromising on light. The living areas occupy the upper floor and take advantage of mountain and garden views through extensive glazing front and back with side windows omitted in favour of skylights. A largely open-plan design is subtly divided by a difference in floor level and a den at the rear can be closed off by hidden pocket doors. The north-facing living room is oriented around a wood-burning fireplace and warmed by original oak cabinetry and fir plank ceiling.

The new owners have carefully adapted the home to their needs and updated some finishes, while retaining the key formal aspects as the architect intended. The removal of a steep second stair provided space to enlarge the kitchen. The master bathroom is updated with new fixtures and finishes, replacing a Japanese-style soaker tub, and adding closets where a door and passageway led to the backyard through an arcade beside the pool. Original efficient in-floor radiant heating continues to warm the ground floor and the dining room area upstairs. A new railing lines the rebuilt front deck and a rotted horizontal frame that extended out beyond the house structure was removed, revealing a view of the sky through the transom windows. The mirroring structure remains on the back deck.

5 Heather St



Built 1956
2007-08 renovations by Alan Davies, Acton Ostry Architects

The straight, orthogonal lines of this house underline the emphasis on simplicity and functionality in Modern architecture. The efficient layout and striking design caught the eye of the current owners who brought their architectural expertise to an update of this one-of-a-kind home. The structure utilized recycled timber with cascading flat roofs. The house made effective use of the zoning's allowable square footage with an efficient interior lay-out and original basement suite. Maximizing the allowable FSR also motivated the design of Vancouver Specials a decade later.

The siting of the house is as critical to the design as the structure itself. Located to the rear of the lot, it extends beyond the adjacent houses to the north and south, with a deep front yard setback. This placement exposes the kitchen to a clear south view and a broad north-facing view to the mountains and the city below.

The current owners did some general upgrading in 2003, a major exterior renovation in 2007 and interior changes in 2008 and 2015. Through the renovations, the owners adhered to the design principles of the original building in form, layout and materials, reflecting contemporary detailing in new work, and preserving and reinforcing the siting aspects.

The floor layouts are largely unaltered, however the kitchen and bathrooms were rebuilt in their original configurations. An open replacement staircase eliminated winders at the base to create a compact den on the main level. The owners kept and refinished the main and upstairs wood floors, and retained existing plasterboard panels. Painted wood channel siding was replaced with new to match and new aluminum windows were installed in the original openings. An unstable rear enclosure was rebuilt with extensive glazing added to extend sightlines to the north and east. Due to thoughtful updates and respect for the unusual design, this mid-century original connects the experimentation of the era with contemporary design.

Join the Post-Tour Reception



Reception ticket holders are invited to attend a wine and cheese reception at the Vancouver Maritime Museum from 5pm - 7pm September 24th. Enjoy the amazing view and architecture of the space, as we hear from Christopher MacDonald, Professor of Architecture at UBC School of Architecture and Landscape Architecture and author of *A Guide to Contemporary Architecture in Vancouver*. The Museum was designed in 1959 by CBK Van Norman & Associates and is a wonderful example of A-frame construction.

Little Australia

On the UBC Endowment Lands there is a small but lovely neighbourhood known as 'Little Australia'. Not as commonly known as other Vancouver neighbourhoods, Little Australia is bound by Chancellor and University Boulevards, and Blanca and the University Golf Course. The area is named for its Australia themed streets such as Adelaide Road, Tasmania Crescent and Queensland Road. The area is an enclave of Mid-Century homes with several homes built around the same time as the Friedman Residence, including two across the street, both built in 1948, 4862 Queensland Road*, designed by Douglas Simpson, and 4872 Queensland Road*, designed by Harold Semmens and Simpson formed in 1949 and became one of Western Canada's most significant early Modernist architecture firms, yet only lasted 8 years. In that short time their office designed the Downtown Library at Burrard and Robson which won a silver medal Massey Award of Excellence. The pair also designed other Modernist landmarks such as Hycroft Towers in South Granville, St Anselm's Church at UBC, the BC Sugar Refinery Offices, and numerous distinguished Modernist apartment buildings in the West End.

*Please note these homes are not open on the Mid-Century Modern House Tour but you are welcome to observe them from the street. Please do not trespass on these properties.